



Shenzhen Rental Housing Market

Market Evolution, 2021–2025, and In-Depth Review of 2025

SHENZHEN RENTAL HOUSING MARKET

2021–2025 Evolution and 2025 Review

City Research Series · English Edition

HOTEL STRATEGY Institute of China Rental Apartment

Six Sections for a Complete View of Shenzhen

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Six Core Findings for Shenzhen

Monitored supply reached about 227,200 units in 2025. Average rent was about RMB 2.97 per sq m per day and average occupancy about 94.2%.

01 Continued expansion

Monitored supply reached about 227,200 units in 2025, up by roughly 54,900 from 2024. The net increase includes openings, phased supply, newly monitored assets and database revisions.

02 Young professional apartments remain dominant

Youth apartments represented about 121,300 units, or 53.4%. Rental communities contributed about 99,000 units, or 43.6%. Together they represented 96.9% of supply.

03 Strong spatial segmentation

EILT Tiers 2 and 3 contained about 181,000 units, or 79.7%. Tiers 1–3 contained about 203,800 units, or 89.7%.

04 Rent and absorption require joint analysis

Average rent was RMB 2.97 per sq m per day in 2025 and occupancy was 94.2%. High-end apartments led rent, while rental communities led occupancy.

05 Communities drive incremental supply

Citywide supply increased by about 83,800 units from 2023 to 2025. Rental communities added roughly 66,500 units and drove most structural growth.

06 Policy focus shifted to operating oversight

From 2021 to 2025, policy expanded from multiple supply channels to project recognition, urban-village quality, subsidised-housing management and urban-renewal provision.

Key Shenzhen Rental Housing Metrics in 2025

227,200 units	+31.9%	2.97	94.2%
Monitored supply	Year-on-year supply change	Daily rent (RMB/sq m/day)	Average occupancy

01 Supply signal

Supply increased by about 54,900 units in 2025; openings and database restatement both affect the series.

02 Rent signal

Average rent improved by RMB 0.10 per sq m per day from 2024; effective rent still needs incentive and vacancy adjustment.

03 Absorption signal

Average occupancy rose by 3.8 percentage points, but new and mature assets need separate review.

04 Investment signal

Use EILT, product, competitors and stabilisation rather than the city average for asset decisions.

Research Boundary and Comparable Data

The Shenzhen supply series uses the 2025 workbook's restated 2023–2025 data. Rent and occupancy use verified samples. City averages do not replace asset due diligence.

01 2023 baseline

Shenzhen had about 143,400 monitored units in 2023, the start of the comparable series. District, product and EILT analysis use the same data boundary.

02 2022 rent and occupancy

Only verified rent and occupancy samples are used for 2022. The report does not create a comparable supply figure where none exists.

03 2023–2025 main series

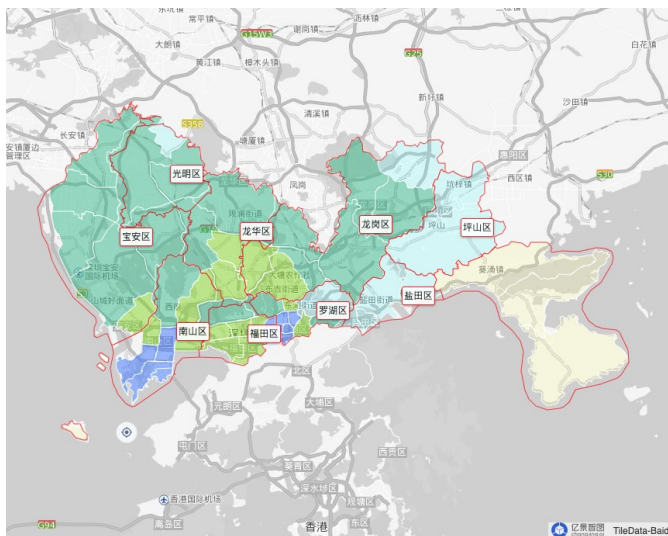
Restated supply was 143,400, 172,300 and 227,200 units, supporting internally consistent product, EILT, rent and occupancy analysis.

04 New openings versus net change

Annual database changes include openings, closures, acquisitions, rebranding, phased delivery and historical revisions. Actual openings are reported separately only when a project-level list is available.

Shenzhen EILT Model and Spatial Tiers

Method, analytical dimensions and Tier 1–5 spatial distribution



Shenzhen EILT spatial tier map

EILT Dimensions

- E Employment**
Employers and job density
- I Industry**
Industry clusters and growth
- L Living**
Population, amenities and affordability
- T Transport**
Commute time and rail access

Standard EILT Legend



Shenzhen's 67 study areas use five consistent EILT tiers. Forty-nine areas in Tiers 1–3 form the main demand anchors, or 73.1% of all areas.

Applications

Submarket screening, city-level supply-demand comparison and preliminary project assessment.

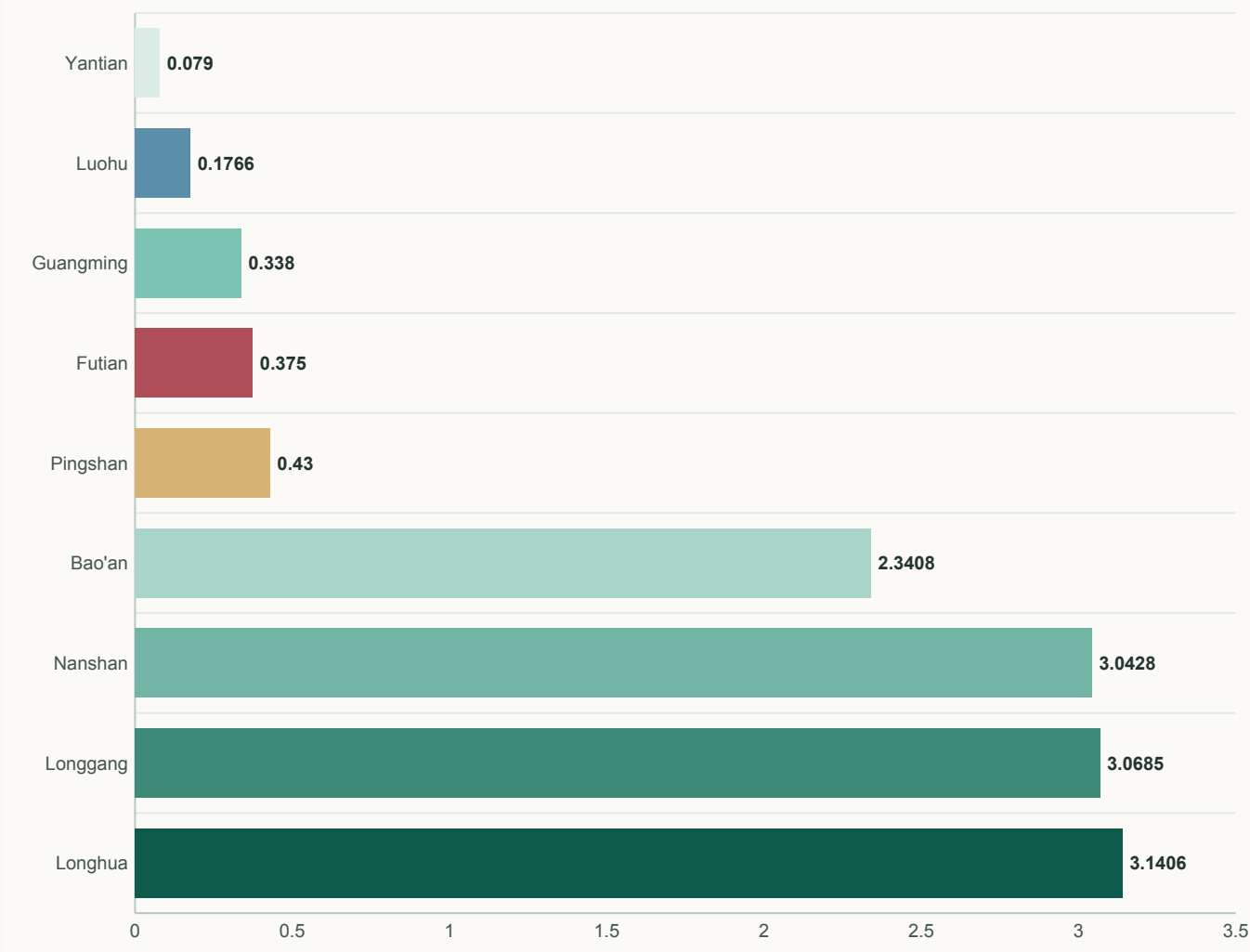
Limitations

Supports city and submarket assessment but does not replace project-level legal, technical or financial due diligence.

Base map: Map Wuyou. EILT tiers and analysis: report research.

Shenzhen institutional rental-housing supply by district, 2021

Unit: 10,000 units

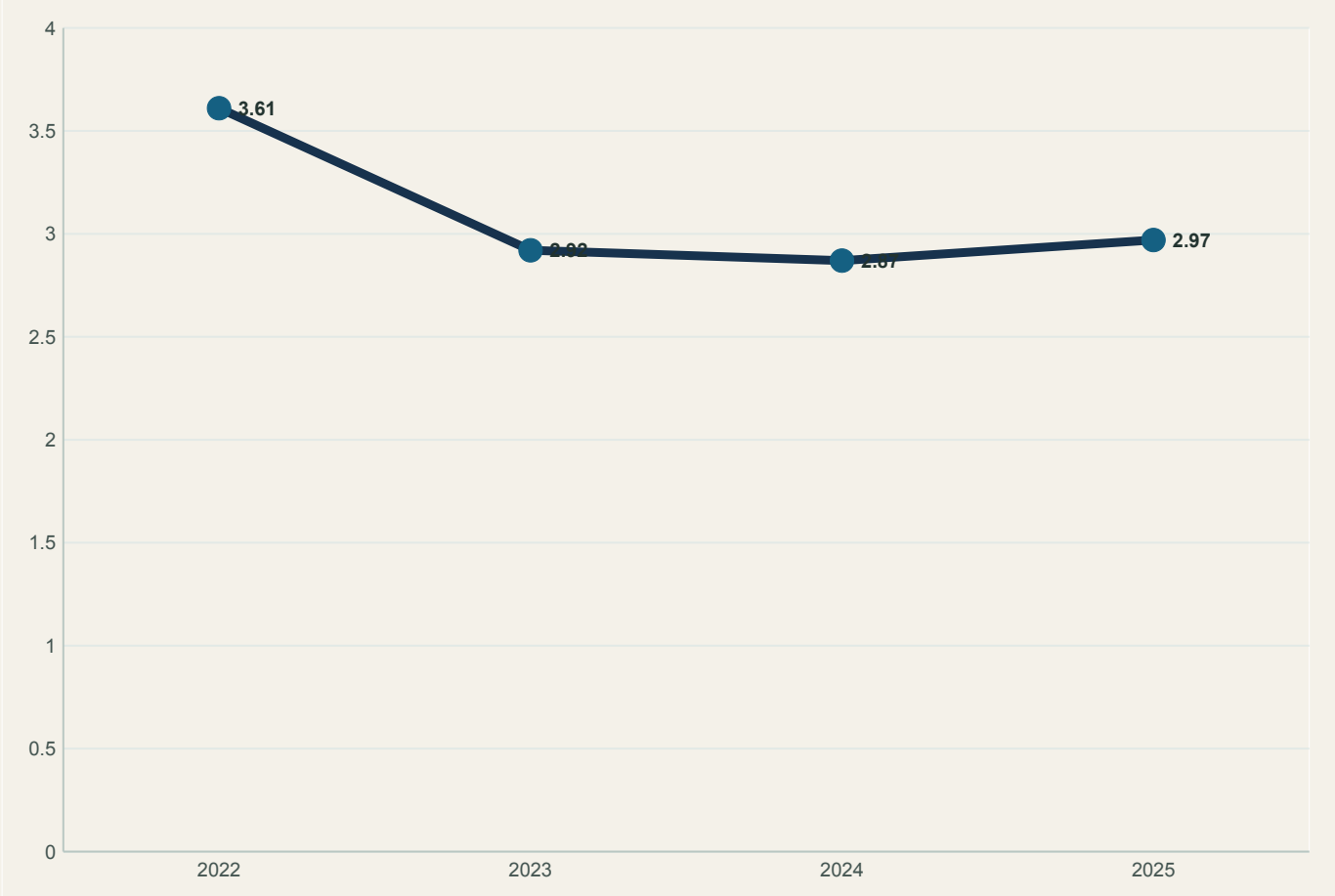


Longhua, Longgang and Nanshan each exceeded 30,000 units and together represented about 71.2% of the 2021 baseline. Bao'an formed the second tier with about 23,400 units.

This page uses the 2021 Shenzhen city dataset to show the early district structure. Later database backcasts and product-classification changes prevent strict district comparison with 2025.

Average Rent per Square Metre: 2022–2025

Average rent fell from RMB 3.61 per sq m per day in 2022 to 2.87 in 2024, then recovered to 2.97 in 2025.



Average rent was RMB 3.61 per sq m per day in 2022 and RMB 2.97 in 2025, a cumulative decline of about 17.7%.

A higher community share, price competition and tenant affordability reduced the city average. Asset analysis should adjust for incentives, area efficiency, collection and vacancy days.